

SECTION-A [50 MARKS]

HISTORY

Question 1. Answer the following questions in short: -

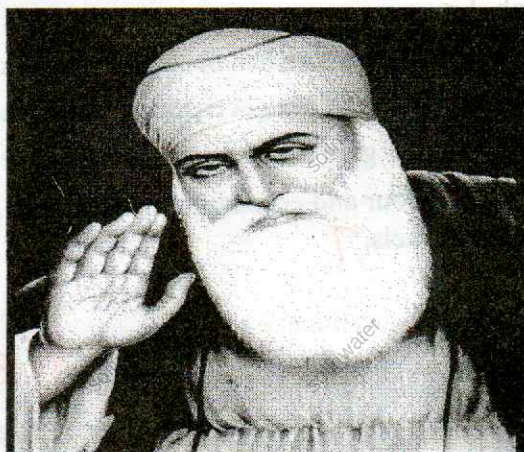
[17]

- (a) Which empire was founded by Babur? *Mughal* [1]
 (b) What are the followers of Kabir known as? *Kabirpanthis* [1]
 (c) Read the statements and write the correct code from the option given below: [1]
Assertion(A): Hemu was defeated and killed in 1556.
Reason (R): In 1556, Hemu and Akbar fought in the First Battle of Panipat.
Code:
 i) Both A and R are True but R is not the correct explanation.
 ii) Both A and R are True and R is the correct explanation.
 ✓ iii) A is True but R is False.
 iv) A is False and R is True.
 (d) Which title was assumed by Aurangzeb? *Alamgir* [1]
 (e) What was the name of Jahangir's autobiography? *Tuzuk-i-Jahangir / Jahangirnam* [1]
 (f) When and where was Akbar born? *1542 / Amarkot* [2]
 (g) Which title was given to Nur Jahan and why? *Badshah Begum / Pg. 100* [2]
 (h) State any two basic principles of Din-i-Ilahi. *Pg 92* [2]
 (i) Mention any two characteristics of the Bhakti Movement. *Pg 115* [2]
 (j) Name the two ranks of a Mansabdar. *Zab / Sawar* [2]
 (k) State any two principles of Sufism. *Pg 114* [2]

Question 2. Answer the following questions briefly:-

[3×6=18]

- (a) Briefly describe Todar Mal Bandobast. *91* [3]
 (b) In not more than three points State how Akbar strengthened his relationship with the Rajputs. *Pg 92* [3]
 (c) State any three causes of the downfall of the Mughal Empire. *Pg 106* [3]
 (d) Mention any three similarities between Bhakti and Sufi movements. *118* [3]
 (e) State any 3 reforms introduced by Sher Shah in the administration. *Pg 80* [3]
 (f) Picture study question:- [3]



*caste system
 rituals necessary
 messengers common lang.
 simple living / moral v.
 one kind charity*

- i) Identify the person in the picture. *Guru Nanak Dev*
 ii) Which religion was founded by him? *Sikhism*
 iii) Mention any one of his teachings. *Pg 117*

Question 3. Fill in the blanks:-

[1×7 = 7]

- (a) Akbar was placed under the guardianship of Humayun's faithful general Bairam Khan.
- (b) Jahangir had installed a 'chain of justice'.
- (c) Mansabdari System collapsed after the death of Aurangzeb.
- (d) Sawwali was a form of devotional music popularised by the Sufis.
- (e) Nur Jahan was earlier known by the name of Mehr-un-Nisa.
- (f) The ninth guru of Sikh Guru Tegh Bahadur was martyred in Chandni Chowk.
- (g) The Peacock Throne was placed in the Durani-i-Khar.

Question 4. Correct the following statements :-

[1×8 = 8]

- (a) Nayanaro Alwar saint worshipped Lord Vishnu.
- (b) Aurangzeb spent the last 25 years of his life fighting in Deccan.
- (c) Akbar built Buland Darwaza to commemorate his conquest of Gujarat.
- (d) Babur Humayun defeated Ibrahim Lodi in the First Battle of Panipat.
- (e) Nazir/Durran Mir Bakshi was the head of the Revenue Military Department.
- (f) Shankaracharya was a Sufi Saint. Bhakti
- (g) Shah Jahan shifted his capital from Agra to Delhi Jodhpur after the death of his beloved wife.
- (h) The Sufis were organized in 14 silsilas. 12

SECTION-B [20 MARKS] CIVICS

Question 5. Fill in the blanks: -

[5]

- (a) Economic and Moral exploitation of children should be stopped by the state.
- (b) The idea of Directive Principles was borrowed from the Irish Constitution.
- (c) There should be a Uniform system of Civil and Criminal laws in the country.
- (d) The Directive Principles are given in part IV of the Constitution of India.
- (e) Special efforts should be made to foster respect for International law.

Question 6. State whether the following statements are True or False: -

[5]

- F (a) If there is a violation of Directive Principles then we can move to the Court for its protection. F
- T (b) Welfare states ensure maximum benefit to the maximum number of people. T
- F (c) Men and Women should not get equal pay for equal work. F
- F (d) Directive Principles give the citizens a certain claim from the State. F
- T (e) The state shall favour and encourage International Peace and Security through Diplomatic Channels. T

Question 7. Answer the following questions: -

[10]

- 2 (a) What are Directive Principles of State Policy? Pg 135 [2]
- 2 (b) Why can the ruling government neither forget nor ignore the Directive Principles? Pg 136 (given in book) [2]
- 3 (c) State any three Gandhian Principles. Pg 135 [3]
- 3 (d) Mention three points stating the principles relating to laws, justice and administration. Pg 135/136 [3]